

M60 Chapter 8

- 8.1 Graphs of Equations
- 8.2 Relations
- 8.3 Introduction to Functions - 2 days
- 8.4 Functions and their graphs - 2 days
- 8.5 Linear functions and models - 2 days
- 8.6 Compound inequalities - 2 days
- 8.7 Absolute Value Equations + Inequalities - 2 days

Math 60: 8.1 Graphs of Equations

Objectives

- 1) Graph an Equation Using the Point-Plotting Method
- 2) Identify the Intercepts from the Graph of an Equation
- 3) Interpret Graphs

Practice

1) Evaluate for $x = -2$: $2x^2 - 3x + 1$

$$2(-2)^2 - 3(-2) + 1$$

$$2(4) + 6 + 1$$

$$8 + 6 + 1 = \boxed{15}$$

- 2) Determine if the values are solutions of the equation

$$3x - 5(x+2) = 4$$

a. $x = -3$

$$3(-3) - 5(-3+2) = 4$$

$$-9 - 5(-1) = 4$$

$$-9 + 5 = 4$$

b. $x = -7$ $-4 = 4$ NO

$$3(-7) - 5(-7+2) = 4$$

$$-21 - 5(-5) = 4$$

$$-21 + 25 = 4$$

$$4 = 4$$
 YES

- 3) Graph the equation $y = -4x + 5$

$$\text{slope} = -4 \quad m = -4 = \frac{-4}{1} \text{ or } \frac{4}{-1}$$

$$y\text{-int} = (0, 5)$$

- 4) Graph the line $3x - 5y = 15$ using intercepts

$$x\text{-int}: 3x - 5(0) = 15$$

$$3x = 15$$

$$x = 5$$

$$(5, 0)$$

$$y\text{-int}: 3(0) - 5y = 15$$

$$-5y = 15$$

$$y = -3$$

$$(0, -3)$$

5) Solve for y : $3x + 2y = 8$

$$-3x \quad -3x$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-3x + 8}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{-3}{2}x + 4$$

- 6) Plot the points, label each with its name or coordinates, and identify the quadrant or axis on which it lies.

a. $(3, 5)$ QI

b. $(-2, 3)$ QII

c. $(-1, -2)$ QIII

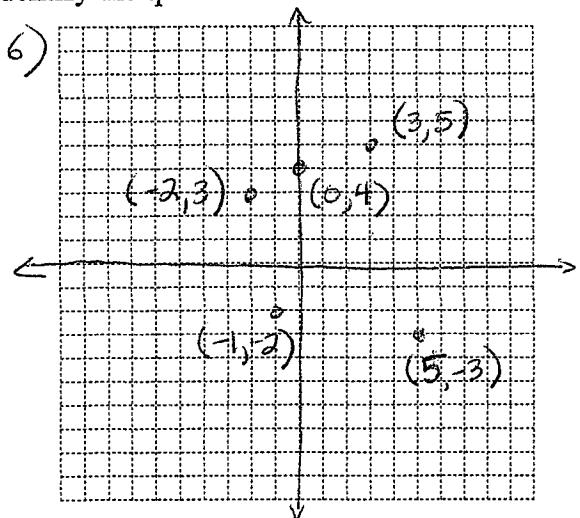
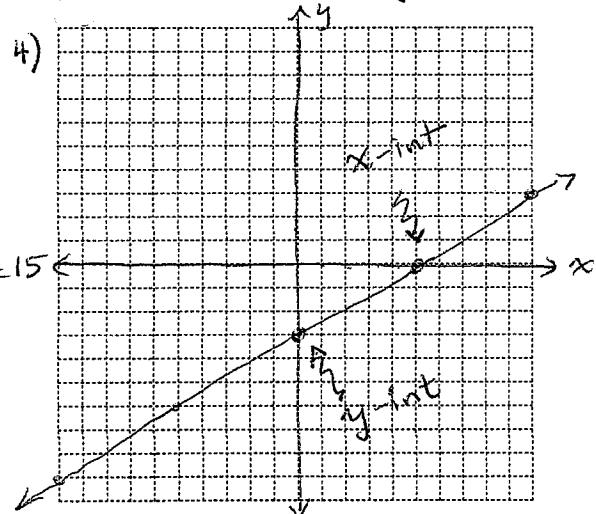
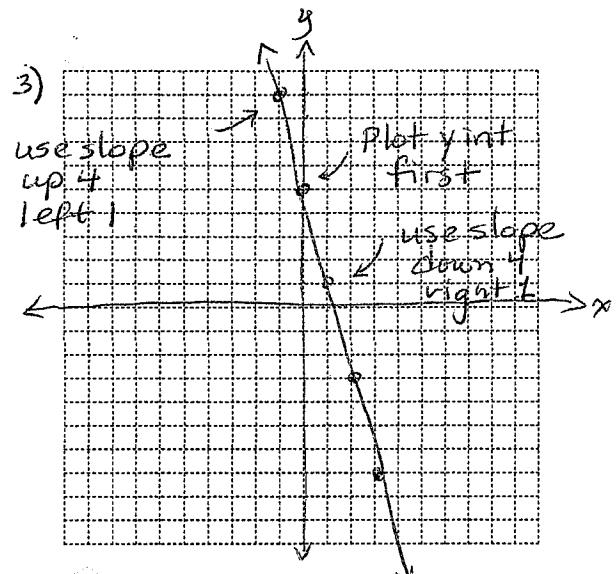
d. $(5, -3)$ QIV

e. $(0, 4)$ y-axis

* Always use Roman numerals when identifying quadrants

For Ms. Carey:

- Always draw axes
- Always extend graph neatly and accurately to edge of grid.
- Use arrowheads.



- 7) Determine if the coordinates represent points on the graph of

$$2x - 4y = 12$$

a. $(2, -3)$

$$\begin{aligned} 2(2) - 4(-3) &= 12 \\ 4 + 12 &= 12 \\ 16 &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

[No]

b. $\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{9}{4}\right)$

$$\begin{aligned} 2\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) - 4\left(-\frac{9}{4}\right) &= 12 \\ 3 + 9 &= 12 \\ 12 &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

[Yes]

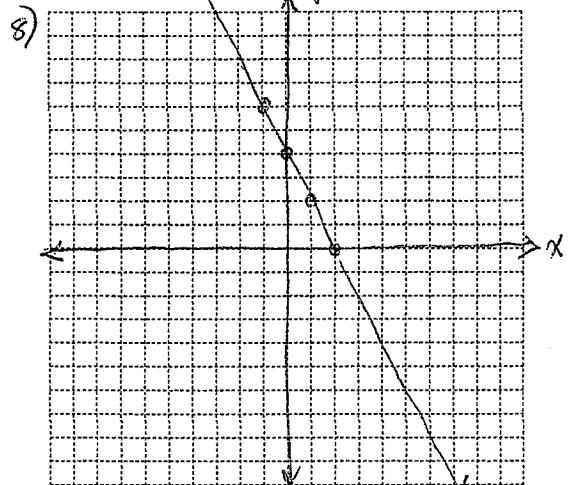
- 8) Graph the equation $y = -2x + 4$ by plotting points.

Your choices may be different. That's OK.

x	y
0	4
-1	6
1	2
2	0

(0, 4)
(-1, 6)
(1, 2)
(2, 0)

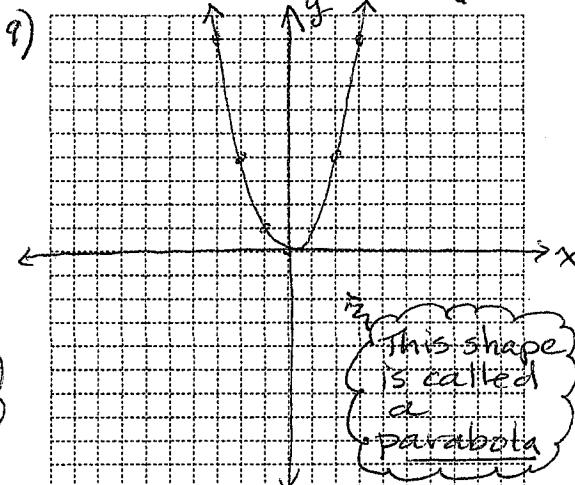
table required.
MATHXL will
request 4 points.



- 9) Graph the equation $y = x^2$ by plotting points.

x	y
-2	4
-1	1
0	0
1	1
2	4

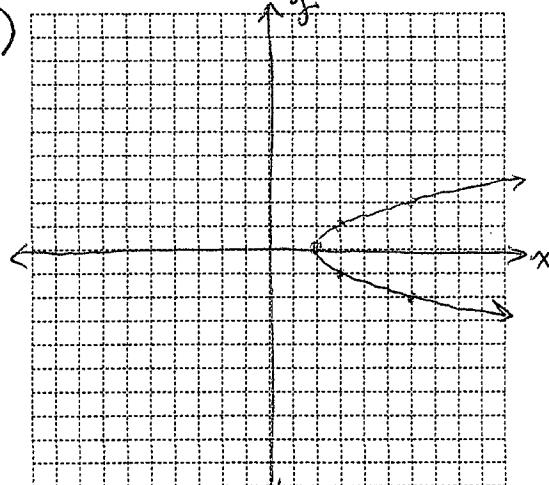
x is the independent variable.
Choose values for x;
the y-values depend
on your choice.
y is the dependent variable.



- 10) Graph the equation $x = y^2 + 2$ by plotting points.

x	y
-2	6
-1	3
0	2
1	3
2	6

y is the independent variable.
choose values of y

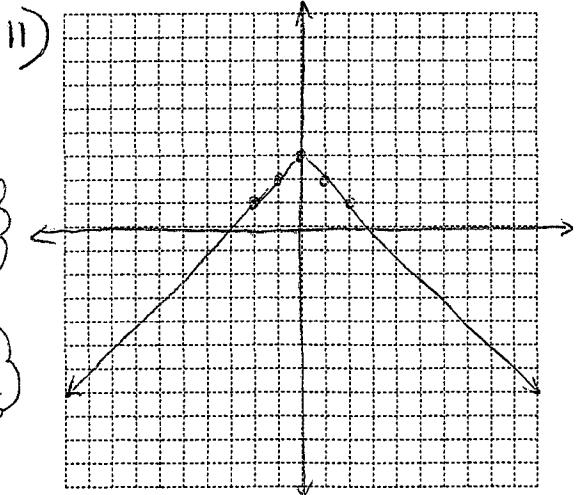


- 11) Graph the equation $y = 3 - |x|$ by plotting points.

x	y
-2	1
-1	2
0	3
1	2
2	1

absolute values
change negative
numbers to positive,
but do nothing to 0
or positive numbers

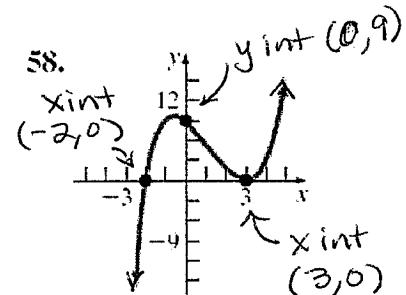
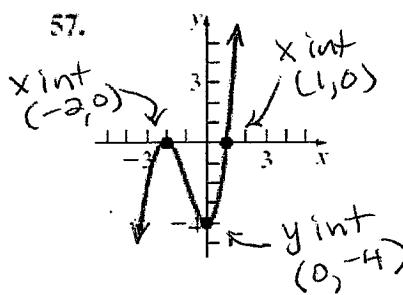
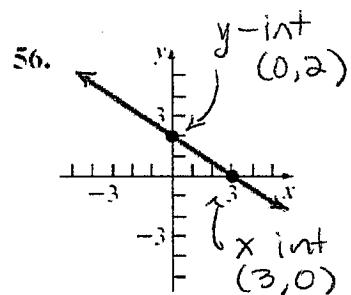
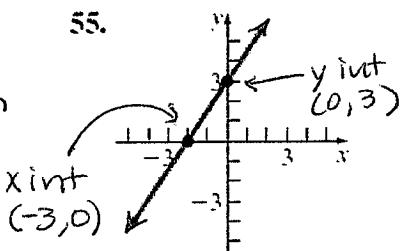
absolute value graphs
in Math 60 and 70 are
V-shaped.



For each of the graphs numbered 55-58, identify the intercepts. Give ordered pairs.

x-intercept: point where graph crosses x-axis.

y-intercept: point where graph crosses y-axis.



CAUTION:

#58 y-int:
Notice the scale

$\uparrow 12 \leftarrow 4^{\text{th}}$ tick
 $\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \leftarrow 3^{\text{rd}}$ tick
 $\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \leftarrow 2^{\text{nd}}$ tick
 $\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \leftarrow 1^{\text{st}}$ tick

$$12 \div 4 = 3$$

Each tick
worth 3.

Projectile Motion The graph to the right shows the height, in feet, of a ball thrown straight up with an initial speed of 80 feet per second from an initial height of 96 feet after t seconds.

(a) What is the height of the object after 1.5 seconds? a) [175 feet]

(b) At what time is the height a maximum? What is the maximum height?

b) [2.5 seconds]
 [196 feet]

c) t-intercept $(6, 0)$ At 6 seconds, height is 0 feet
 H-intercept $(0, 96)$ At 0 seconds, height is 96 feet.

Cell Phones We all struggle with selecting a cellular phone provider. The graph below shows the relation between the monthly cost of a cellular phone and the number of minutes used, m .

SOURCE: Sprint.com

(a) What is the cost of talking for 200 minutes in a month? 500 minutes? both less than 1000, in flat region

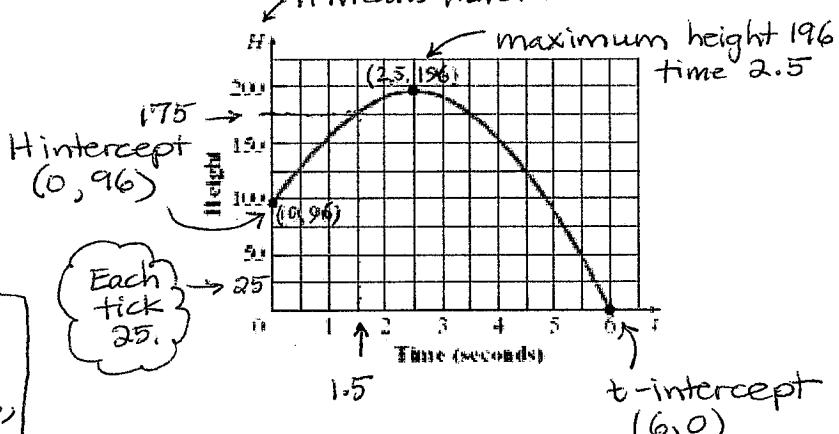
(b) What is the cost of talking 8000 minutes in a month?

b) [\$1600] a) [\$100] [\$100]

(c) Identify and interpret the intercept.

(c) Identify and interpret the intercepts.

H means HEIGHT

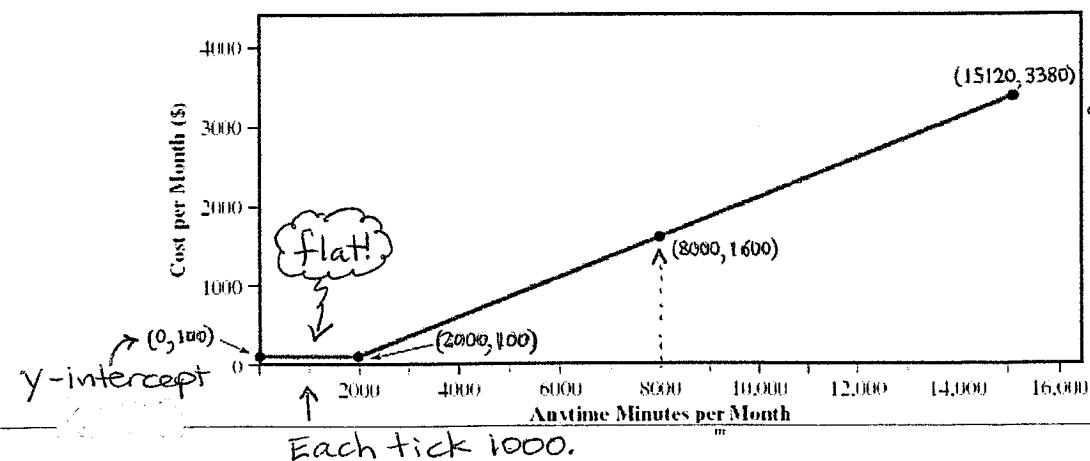


(a) What is the cost of talking for 200 minutes in a month? 500 minutes? both less than 1000, in flat region

(b) What is the cost of talking 8000 minutes in a month?

b) [\$1600] a) [\$100] [\$100]

(c) Identify and interpret the intercept.



c) Y intercept $(0, 100)$
 Talking 0 min costs \$100

This is a very expensive Cell plan!